# **Experiences in the Asia Pacific Region 2018**on Sendai Reporting



# 2018 Sendai Reporting

19 Countries in Asia Pacific reported some data online (49%)

- 16 in Asia and 3 in Pacific
- 84% of those reporting had been trained to use monitor

#### Highlights of Data Reported:

- Highest reported was Target A on mortality (100%)
- Lowest reported were Target D on infrastructure losses (37%) and Target F on international cooperation (40%)
- Level of data provided was nominal in some instances and others were not validated by 15 October due date



### **New Zealand**



- New Zealand did not have a national loss database established, nor a formal framework for cross-agency data collection specific to the Sendai targets.
- Reporting was undertaken by the national focal point, the Ministry of Civil Defence & Emergency Management (MCDEM) using a "best available data" approach (utilised SitReps).
- No disaggregation of data by hazard or gender yet
- Will now establish a National Damage and Loss Database



### **Example: Myanmar**



#### Action:

- National coordination reporting committee formed
- 2 x national committee meetings / training sessions with UNISDR held in capital Nai Pyi Taw
- Existing National damage and loss database utilized

### Outcomes/Outputs:

- Myanmar reported comprehensively on all Targets A-G & all years (2015-17)
- National government partners now directly involved in data collection & sharing



### **Example: Philippines**



#### **Action:**

- Weekly technical assistance given to Philippines Office of Civil Defence in lead-up to deadline
- 1 x joint National DRR Strategy and Sendai Framework
  Monitoring Workshop conducted by UNISDR GETI and ROAP to
  assist in reviewing National DRR Plan indicators and monitoring
  system with national partners and UN agencies.

#### Outcomes/Outputs:

- Philippines reported on Targets A and B for 2015-16.
- Their approach to institutional arrangements required for data collection at the local levels will be guided by the Sendai Framework.
- Their draft revised national DRR plan is in line with Sendai Framework custom indicators.



## SFM Training (Asia Pacific)

#### Regional workshops

The initial Regional Workshops conducted targeted NDMOs & National Statistics Offices from member states, and regional organizations.

#### National workshops

National workshops attempt to include all national partners from Government, and others stakeholders identified by Government such as academic, NGOs and private sector.

#### **Feedback**

Feedback and evaluation of workshops has been positive with:

- Advice that countries like the linkages with the SDGs
- Countries like the online reporting links to national DesInventar Damage and Loss Databases



### Challenges

 Many countries need to establish or enhance internal government mechanisms to better coordinate data collection, data sharing and data reporting.

#### **Examples**:

- Unclear who has what data
- Different committees on SDG, Sendai and CC
- Govt Ministries not sharing data
- Gaps in data collection (not all data needed is collected)
   (e.g. 84% countries collect Target A Data Readiness Review 2017)



### Challenges

- 2. Need to harmonize SDG and Sendai National Reporting efforts.
  - National SDG Committee may not be linked with the national Sendai reporting through the NDMO
- 3. Need greater training and technical support to countries
- 4. Lack of disaggregated and baseline data
- 5. Low capacity of National Disaster Management Offices



## What Approaches are Working?

- NDMOs are linking with National Statistics Offices and PMs Office to leverage support.
- Utilizing SDG or other existing National Committees to also assist in Sendai Reporting (e.g. validating data) – in stead of creating new committees.
- Coordination workshops -Bringing all relevant Govt partners together to identify who has what data and when they will provide it for reporting purposes.



## What Approaches are Working?

- Using Sendai online monitor to track progress of shared SDG indicators, local, national, sub-regional and regional strategies
  - •e.g. Framework for Resilient Development in the Pacific (FRDP)
- Using damage and loss databases for SDGs, Sendai and Paris Agreement
- Partnerships between UN, Regional and national organisations to help countries





What is DesInventar?
What is DesInventar Sendai?

Basic methodology

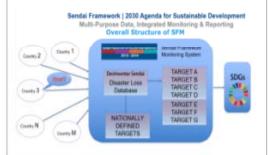
Disaster Hazards classification

Definition of effects

About loss data sources

How to migrate to Sendai mode

**Recent publications** 



Explore Sendai Framework main documents

#### Welcome to DesInventar Sendai!!!

Disaster loss data for Sustainable Development Goals and Sendai Framework Monitoring System



Available datasets worlwide

Detailed disaster loss data for more than 89

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